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WO 03/017854 A1

(54) Title: APPARATUS FOR DELIVERING A VISCOUS LIQUID TO A SURGICAL SITE

(57) Abstract: Apparatus (10) for delivering a viscous liquid to a surgical site employs a conventional syringe (20) having a barrel (22) and a plunger (30) movable axially within the barrel from a withdrawn position to an inserted position. The apparatus includes an internally-threaded sleeve (42) and a substantially cylindrical actuation element (44). The sleeve is configured to receive the plunger in its withdrawn position, and has an open proximal end and a distal end slot (54) configured for receiving the syringe barrel therethrough. The actuation element has an externally-threaded distal portion (48) dimensioned to screw into the proximal end (46) of the sleeve, and a plunger seat (62), at the distal end of the actuation element, that bears against the plunger and that pushes the plunger axially toward its inserted position in the barrel as the actuation element is threaded into the sleeve.

1 APPARATUS FOR DELIVERING A VISCOUS LIQUID TO  
2 A SURGICAL SITE

3  
4 CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

5 Not Applicable

6 FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

7 Not Applicable

8  
9 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 The present invention relates to an apparatus for delivering a  
11 viscous liquid material to a surgical site within the body of a human or an  
12 animal. More specifically, it relates to an apparatus for controllably  
13 delivering bone cement to a site within a bone that has been surgically  
14 prepared to receive the cement.

15 Many procedures in orthopedic surgery require a predetermined  
16 quantity of bone cement to be delivered to a site within a bone that has  
17 been surgically prepared to receive the cement. For example, surgery to  
18 correct certain spinal injuries or deformities requires a hole to be drilled or  
19 bored in a vertebra, and then the hole is filled with bone cement. This is  
20 accomplished by filling a syringe with bone cement, and then delivering  
21 the cement to the site via a cannula attached to the syringe by a length of  
22 flexible tubing.

23 Because the cement is quite thick and viscous, delivering the cement  
24 from the syringe requires a great deal of effort applied to the syringe  
25 plunger. Thus, both strength and dexterity are required on the part of the  
26 surgeon performing the procedure.

27 It would thus be an improvement over the current state of the art to  
28 provide a mechanism that would facilitate the delivery of bone cement and  
29 like materials by making it easier to express the material from the syringe.

## 1 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

2 Broadly, in one aspect, the present invention is an apparatus for  
3 delivering a viscous liquid to a surgical site, comprising a syringe having a  
4 barrel and a plunger movable axially within the barrel from a withdrawn  
5 position to an inserted position, and a syringe actuation device, wherein  
6 the syringe actuation device comprises (1) a hollow, internally-threaded  
7 sleeve configured to receive the plunger in its withdrawn position, the  
8 sleeve having an open proximal end and a distal end opening configured  
9 for securing the syringe barrel; and (2) a substantially cylindrical actuation  
10 element having (a) an externally-threaded distal portion dimensioned to  
11 screw into the proximal end of the sleeve, and (b) a plunger seat, at the  
12 distal end of the actuation element, that bears against the plunger and that  
13 pushes the plunger axially toward its inserted position in the barrel as the  
14 actuation element is threaded into the sleeve.

15 In another aspect, the invention is a syringe actuation device for  
16 receiving and holding a pre-filled conventional syringe having a barrel  
17 containing a measure of liquid and a plunger that is axially movable into  
18 the barrel for expressing the contents therefrom, the device comprising a  
19 sleeve for securing the pre-filled syringe with the plunger in a withdrawn  
20 position and an actuation element that screws into the sleeve so as to push  
21 the plunger into the barrel to express the liquid from the syringe.

22 In a specific preferred embodiment, the actuation device comprises  
23 an internally-threaded hollow sleeve with an open proximal end, and a  
24 substantially cylindrical actuation element with an externally-threaded  
25 distal portion that threads into the open proximal end of the sleeve. The  
26 actuation element includes a transverse (i.e., perpendicular to the actuation  
27 element axis) plunger seat at its distal end. The sleeve has a longitudinal  
28 opening parallel to its axis for receiving the extended plunger of a pre-filled  
29 syringe, and a distal end wall portion with an opening or slot through

1    which the barrel of the syringe extends. Also, in the specific preferred  
2    embodiment, the proximal portion of the actuation element may be  
3    configured as an enlarged-diameter gripping element that is configured to  
4    facilitate actuation by increasing the mechanical advantage when the  
5    actuation element is screwed into the sleeve.

6           In use, the actuation element is backed out of the sleeve a sufficient  
7    distance in the proximal direction to allow a pre-filled syringe to be  
8    installed in the sleeve through the longitudinal opening. The barrel of the  
9    syringe being pre-filled with a measured volume of liquid, the plunger of  
10   the syringe is in its extended or withdrawn position. The outlet tip of the  
11   syringe is connected to one end of a fluid conduit, such as a length of  
12   flexible tubing, the other end of which may be coupled to an injection  
13   needle or a cannula. As the actuation element is threaded into the sleeve,  
14   the plunger seat bears against the plunger to push the plunger distally into  
15   the barrel until it reaches its fully inserted position, corresponding to the  
16   delivery of the measured volume of liquid from the barrel.

17           As will be appreciated that the threaded coupling between the  
18   actuation element and the sleeve allows the actuation element to be turned  
19   as a screw within the sleeve and to advance against the plunger with the  
20   mechanical advantage provided by a screw mechanism. This screwing  
21   action, in turn, allows the user more easily to apply sufficient force to the  
22   plunger to express a highly viscous liquid (e.g., bone cement) from the  
23   barrel. Furthermore, a greater degree of control can be used in actuating  
24   the plunger. For example, stopping the plunger at precise positions within  
25   the barrel, so as to express the contents of the barrel in desired increments,  
26   is greatly facilitated. These and other advantages of the invention will be  
27   more fully understood from the detailed description that follows.

28

29

1 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

2 Figure 1 is a perspective view of an apparatus for delivering a  
3 viscous fluid to a surgical site, in accordance with a preferred embodiment  
4 of the present invention, the apparatus comprising a syringe and a syringe  
5 actuation device;

6 Figure 2 is a side elevational view, partially in section, of the  
7 apparatus of Figure 1, showing the syringe and the actuation element of  
8 the syringe actuation device in their respective positions prior to actuation  
9 of the syringe and resultant delivery of its contents;

10 Figure 3 is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line 3 - 3 of  
11 Figure 2;

12 Figure 4 is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line 4 - 4 of  
13 Figure 2;

14 Figure 5 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view taken along line 5 - 5  
15 of Figure 2;

16 Figure 6 is a longitudinal cross-sectional view, similar to that of  
17 Figure 5, but showing the syringe and the actuation element of the syringe  
18 actuation device in their respective positions after actuation of the syringe  
19 and the delivery of its contents;

20 Figure 7 is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line 7 - 7 of  
21 Figure 5;

22 Figure 8 is a transverse cross-sectional view taken along line 8 - 8 of  
23 Figure 5; and

24 Figure 9 is an end elevational view of the proximal end of the  
25 syringe actuation device, taken along line 9 - 9 of Figure 6.

26

27 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

28 Referring now to the drawings, an apparatus 10 for delivering a  
29 viscous liquid to a surgical site is shown, in accordance with a preferred

1 embodiment of the invention. The apparatus 10 comprises a standard,  
2 conventional syringe 20 and a novel syringe actuation device 40. The  
3 syringe 20 comprises a barrel 22 that may be filled with a predetermined  
4 volume (typically, for example, 10cc or 20cc) of a liquid. In the present  
5 invention, the liquid is likely to be a highly viscous liquid, and, in  
6 particular, bone cement, but the invention is not limited to any specific  
7 type or viscosity of liquid.

8 The distal end of the barrel 22 tapers down to a distal outlet portion  
9 24, which may be internally threaded (at 25) for coupling to a convention  
10 Luer fitting (not shown) at one end of a length of flexible tubing 26 (Fig.  
11 2). The other end of the tubing 26 is typically coupled to needle or  
12 cannula (not shown) for introducing the liquid expressed from the syringe  
13 20 to a surgical site (such as a bone, in the case of bone cement) within a  
14 patient's body. The proximal end of the barrel 22 is open and is  
15 surrounded by a peripheral flange 28.

16 The syringe 20 has a plunger 30 that is installed for axial movement  
17 within the barrel 22 between a withdrawn position (Figures 1, 2, and 5)  
18 and an inserted position (Fig. 6). The proximal end of the plunger 30 is  
19 advantageously configured as a flattened thumb rest 32, while the distal  
20 end of the plunger 30 is attached to a piston 33 sized for a sliding frictional  
21 engagement against the interior wall surface of the barrel 22.

22 The syringe actuation device 40 comprises a substantially cylindrical  
23 hollow sleeve 42 and a substantially cylindrical plunger actuation element  
24 44 that is dimensioned to fit within the sleeve 42. The sleeve 42 has an  
25 open proximal end and internal threads 46, while the actuation element 44  
26 has comprises a substantially tubular inner member 47a coaxially disposed  
27 within a substantially cylindrical outer member 47b. The outer member  
28 47a has a distal portion 48 that is externally threaded to mate with the  
29 internal threads 46 when the actuation element 44 is inserted into the open

1 proximal end of the sleeve 42.

2 The sleeve 42 has a longitudinal opening 50 parallel to its axis for  
3 receiving the extended plunger 30 of a pre-filled syringe 20 (as will be  
4 described below), and a distal end wall 52 with a distal slot 54 that is  
5 contiguous with the longitudinal opening 50, and that is dimensioned to  
6 receive the syringe barrel 22. The longitudinal opening 50 extends  
7 proximally from the distal end slot 54 at least half the length, and  
8 preferably about two-thirds to about three-quarters the length of the sleeve  
9 42. Extending distally from the distal end wall 52 is a trough-like barrel  
10 securing member 56 that communicates with the distal end slot 54. The  
11 barrel securing member 56 is configured to hold the syringe barrel 22 with  
12 a friction fit, and thus has an inside diameter that is approximately the  
13 same as the outside diameter of the syringe barrel 22. A removable insert  
14 58 may be provided in the barrel securing member 56 to reduce the inside  
15 diameter of the barrel securing member 56 to accommodate a smaller  
16 syringe barrel 22. Thus, for example, the barrel securing member 56  
17 without the insert 58 may be dimensioned to hold a 20cc syringe, while the  
18 insert 58 may be installed if a 10cc syringe is to be used.

19 Attached to the distal end of the inner member 47a of the actuation  
20 element 44 is a distal end cap that comprises a distally-extending  
21 peripheral rim 60 surrounding a substantially circular plunger seat 62.  
22 The rim 60 and the plunger seat 62 define a receptacle or recess 64 that is  
23 dimensioned to receive the thumb rest 32 at the proximal end of the  
24 syringe plunger 30. The plunger seat 62 may optionally be formed with  
25 one or more distally-extending protrusions 63 against which the thumb rest  
26 32 seats.

27 The outer member 47b of the actuation element 44 has a proximal  
28 portion 66 that is advantageously of an enlarged diameter to provide a  
29 convenient hand grip. To this end, it may also be formed with

1 longitudinal ridges 68 to provide a non-slip gripping surface. The  
2 proximal portion 66 may be internally threaded for the attachment of an  
3 externally-threaded proximal end cap 70.

4 In use, a syringe 20, pre-filled with a measured volume of a liquid  
5 (such as bone cement) contained in the barrel 22, is installed within the  
6 sleeve 42 through the longitudinal opening 50. The syringe barrel 22 being  
7 filled, the plunger 30 is in its withdrawn (proximal) position, extending  
8 proximally from the proximal end of the barrel 22. The barrel 22 of the  
9 syringe 20 extends through the distal end slot 54 of the sleeve 42, and it is  
10 snapped into place in the barrel securing member 56, which may be fitted  
11 with the insert 58 (as shown) or not, depending on the size (outside  
12 diameter) of the barrel. The barrel flange 28 is seated against the interior  
13 surface of the distal end wall 52 of the sleeve 42. The actuation element 44  
14 may, at this point, be inserted into the proximal end of the sleeve 42 and  
15 threaded distally into the sleeve until the thumb rest 32 of the plunger 30 is  
16 received within the receptacle 64 in the distal end cap of the actuation  
17 element 44 and is seated against the plunger seat 62. Thus, as shown in  
18 Figures 1, 2, and 5, the apparatus 10 is ready for use to express the liquid  
19 contents of the barrel 22 out of the outlet tip 24 of the syringe 20, and to  
20 the surgical site through the conduit 26 and a needle or cannula (not  
21 shown) that is installed in the site.

22 To express the contents of the barrel, the actuation element 44 is  
23 threaded further distally within the sleeve 42, thereby pushing the plunger  
24 30 distally, toward its inserted position within the barrel 22, through the  
25 engagement between the plunger seat 62 and the thumb rest 32. As shown  
26 in Figure 6, this process may be continued until the plunger 30 is in its  
27 fully inserted (distal) position, at which point the entire volume of liquid  
28 contained within the barrel 22 has been emptied therefrom. It will be  
29 appreciated that this process can be interrupted at any desired position(s)



1 of the plunger to express a part of the contents, or to express the contents  
2 in desired increments.

3 The screw mechanism action of the actuation element 44 within the  
4 sleeve 42 provides a marked mechanical advantage that facilitates the  
5 dispensing of highly viscous liquids, such as bone cement, from the syringe  
6 20. Furthermore, the partial or incremental dispensing of the syringe  
7 contents can be more easily controlled, by means of the screw mechanism,  
8 as compared with manually actuating the plunger by pressure applied  
9 directly by the user's thumb. Contributing to the control is the  
10 characteristic that nearly the entire length of the barrel 22 is visible, both  
11 the proximal portion carried within the barrel securing member 56, and the  
12 distal portion that extends distally from the barrel securing member. In  
13 addition, syringe actuation device 30 can easily be re-used. The empty  
14 syringe can easily be removed and replaced with a new syringe.

15 While a preferred embodiment of the invention has been described  
16 herein, it will be appreciated that a number of modifications and variations  
17 will suggest themselves to those skilled in the pertinent arts. For example,  
18 while it is a particular advantage of the preferred embodiment that it  
19 employs a conventional syringe, it may be modified for use with any  
20 number of specialized syringes that either are now available or that may be  
21 devised in the future. Also, the specific structure of the actuation element  
22 44 described herein is exemplary only, and many alternative structures and  
23 configurations (such as, for example, a unitary structure instead of the  
24 multipart structure) may suggest themselves. Such modifications, as well  
25 as others that may suggest themselves, are considered to be within the  
26 spirit and scope of the present invention, as defined in the claims that  
27 follow.

1   WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

2           1. Apparatus for delivering a liquid to a surgical site, comprising:  
3           a syringe having a barrel and a plunger that is axially movable  
4           within the barrel between a withdrawn (proximal) position and an inserted  
5           (distal) position, the plunger having a proximal end; and

6           a syringe actuation device, comprising:

7           a hollow, internally-threaded sleeve configured to receive the  
8           plunger in its withdrawn position, the sleeve having an open  
9           proximal end and a distal end opening configured for securing the  
10          syringe barrel; and

11          a substantially cylindrical actuation element having an  
12          externally-threaded distal portion dimensioned to screw into the  
13          proximal end of the sleeve, and a plunger seat positioned in the  
14          distal portion of the actuation element to bear against the plunger so  
15          as to push the plunger axially toward its inserted position in the  
16          barrel as the actuation element is threaded into the sleeve.

17

18          2. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the sleeve has a distal end slot  
19          dimensioned to receive the syringe barrel, and a longitudinal opening  
20          extending from the distal end slot toward the proximal end and  
21          dimensioned to receive the syringe plunger in its withdrawn position.

22

23          3. The apparatus of Claim 2, wherein the distal end slot of the  
24          sleeve is in a distal end wall, and wherein the sleeve further comprises:

25          a syringe barrel securing member extending distally from the distal  
26          end wall and communicating with the distal end slot, the securing member  
27          having an inside diameter dimensioned to receive the syringe barrel.

28

29

1           4. The apparatus of Claim 3, further comprising:

2           a removable insert configured to fit within the barrel securing  
3 member to reduce the inside diameter of the barrel securing member to  
4 accommodate a smaller syringe barrel.

5

6           5. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the actuation element has a  
7 proximal portion configured as an enlarged-diameter hand grip.

8

9           6. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the actuation element has a  
10 longitudinal axis and includes a recess in its distal end, and wherein the  
11 plunger seat comprises a surface in the recess that is transverse to the axis  
12 of the actuation element.

13

14           7. The apparatus of Claim 6, wherein the plunger has a proximal  
15 end configured as a flattened thumb rest, and wherein the recess is  
16 configured to receive the thumb rest.

17

18           8. A device for actuating a syringe, wherein the syringe includes a  
19 barrel and a plunger movable axially within the barrel from a withdrawn  
20 (proximal) position to an inserted (distal) position, the device comprising:  
21           a hollow, internally-threaded sleeve configured to receive the  
22 plunger in its withdrawn position, the sleeve having an open proximal end  
23 and a distal end opening configured for securing the syringe barrel; and  
24           a substantially cylindrical actuation element having an externally-  
25 threaded distal portion dimensioned to screw into the proximal end of the  
26 sleeve, and a plunger seat positioned in the distal portion of the actuation  
27 element to bear against the plunger so as to push the plunger axially  
28 toward its inserted position in the barrel as the actuation element is  
29 threaded into the sleeve.

1           9. The device of Claim 8, wherein the sleeve has a distal end slot  
2 dimensioned to receive the syringe barrel, and a longitudinal opening  
3 extending from the distal end slot toward the proximal end and  
4 dimensioned to receive the syringe plunger in its withdrawn position.  
5

6           10. The device of Claim 9, wherein the distal end slot of the sleeve  
7 is in a distal end wall, and wherein the sleeve further comprises:  
8           a syringe barrel securing member extending distally from the distal  
9 end wall and communicating with the distal end slot, the securing member  
10 having an inside diameter dimensioned to receive the syringe barrel.  
11

12           11. The device of Claim 10, further comprising:  
13           a removable insert configured to fit within the barrel securing  
14 member to reduce the inside diameter of the barrel securing member to  
15 accommodate a smaller syringe barrel.  
16

17           12. The device of Claim 8, wherein the actuation element has a  
18 proximal portion configured as an enlarged-diameter hand grip.  
19

20           13. The device of Claim 8, wherein the actuation element has a  
21 longitudinal axis and includes a recess in its distal end, and wherein the  
22 plunger seat comprises a surface in the recess that is transverse to the axis  
23 of the actuation element.  
24

25           14. The device of Claim 13, wherein the plunger has a proximal  
26 end configured as a flattened thumb rest, and wherein the recess is  
27 configured to receive the thumb rest.  
28

29           15. A device for actuating a syringe, wherein the syringe includes a

1 barrel and a plunger movable axially within the barrel from a withdrawn  
2 (proximal) position to an inserted (distal) position, the device comprising:  
3 a hollow, internally-threaded sleeve having an open proximal end, a  
4 distal end slot configured to receive the syringe barrel therethrough, and a  
5 longitudinal opening extending from the distal end slot toward the  
6 proximal end and dimensioned to receive the plunger in its withdrawn  
7 position; and

8 a substantially cylindrical actuation element having a longitudinal  
9 axis, an externally-threaded distal portion dimensioned to screw into the  
10 proximal end of the sleeve, and a plunger seat positioned in the distal  
11 portion of the actuation element and comprising a surface transverse to the  
12 longitudinal access and configured to bear against the plunger so as to  
13 push the plunger axially toward its inserted position in the barrel as the  
14 actuation element is threaded into the sleeve.

15

16 16. The device of Claim 15, wherein the distal end slot of the sleeve  
17 is in a distal end wall, and wherein the sleeve further comprises:

18 a syringe barrel securing member extending distally from the distal  
19 end wall and communicating with the distal end slot, the securing member  
20 having an inside diameter dimensioned to receive the syringe barrel.

21

22 17. The device of Claim 16, further comprising:

23 a removable insert configured to fit within the barrel securing  
24 member to reduce the inside diameter of the barrel securing member to  
25 accommodate a smaller syringe barrel.

26

27 18. The device of Claim 15, wherein the actuation element has a  
28 proximal portion configured as an enlarged-diameter hand grip.

29

1           19. The device of Claim 18, wherein the plunger has a proximal  
2   end configured as a flattened thumb rest, and wherein the plunger seat is  
3   defined within a recess configured to receive the thumb rest.

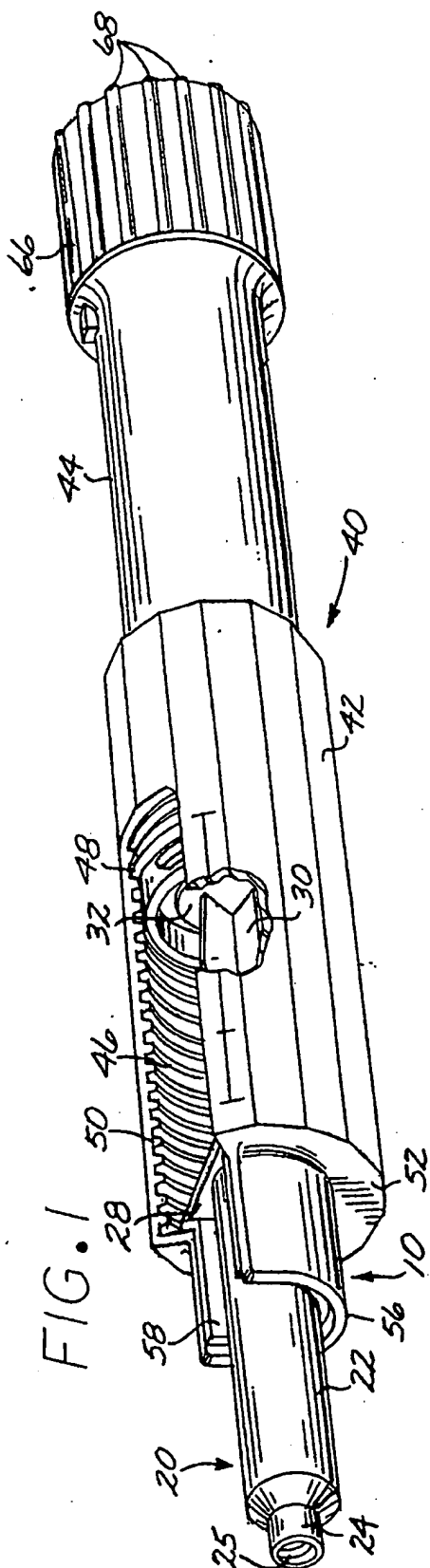
4  
5           20. A method of delivering a viscous liquid to a surgical site,  
6   comprising the steps of:

7           (A) providing a syringe having a barrel filled with the viscous liquid,  
8   the syringe having a plunger movable axially within the barrel between a  
9   withdrawn (proximal) position and an inserted (distal) position;

10          (B) installing the filled syringe into a hollow, internally-threaded  
11   sleeve configured to receive the plunger in its withdrawn position, the  
12   sleeve having an open proximal end and a distal end opening configured  
13   for securing the syringe barrel;

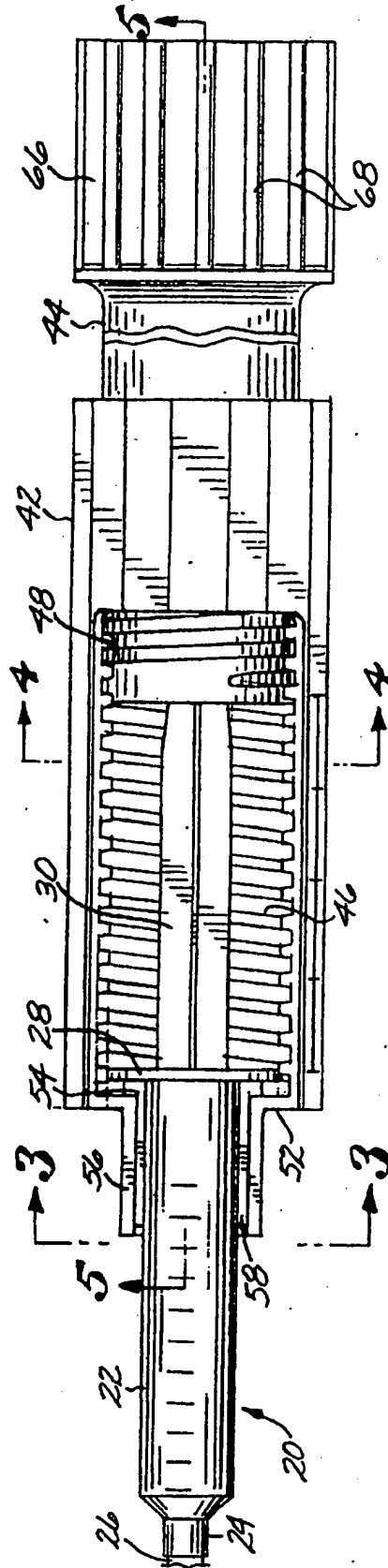
14          (C) providing a substantially cylindrical actuation element having an  
15   externally-threaded distal portion dimensioned to screw into the proximal  
16   end of the sleeve, and a plunger seat positioned in the distal portion of the  
17   actuation element to bear against the plunger so as to push the plunger  
18   axially toward its inserted position in the barrel as the actuation element is  
19   threaded into the sleeve; and

20          (D) inserting the distal portion of the actuation element into the  
21   proximal end of the sleeve and threading the actuation element into the  
22   sleeve so as to bring the plunger seat to bear against the plunger, thereby  
23   pushing the plunger from its withdrawn position toward its inserted  
24   position to express the liquid from the syringe barrel.



1/3

FIG. 2



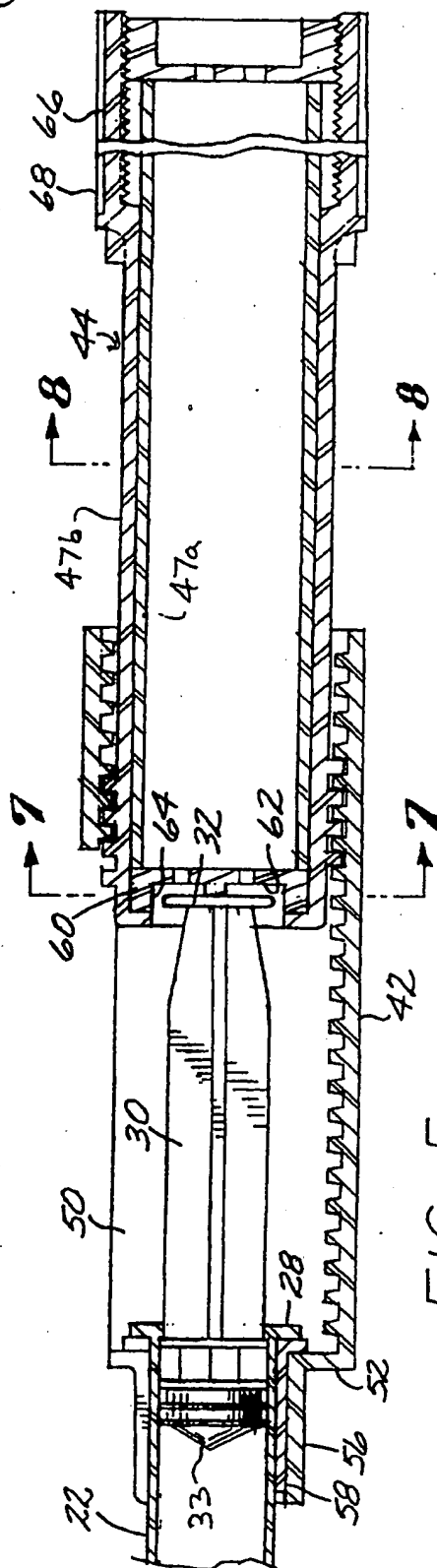
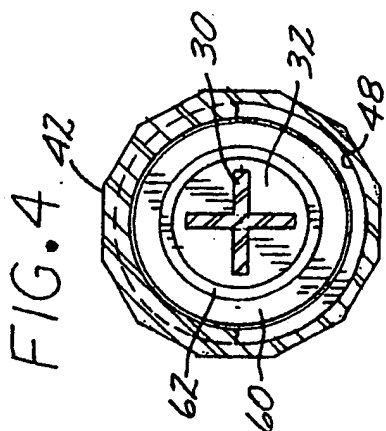
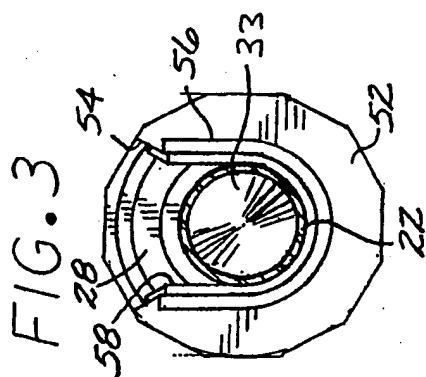


FIG. 5



3/3

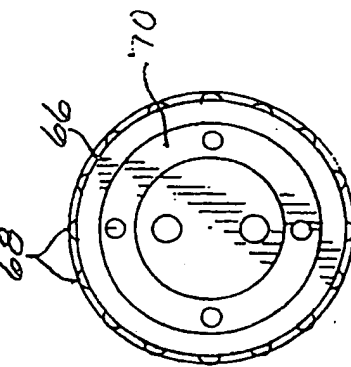
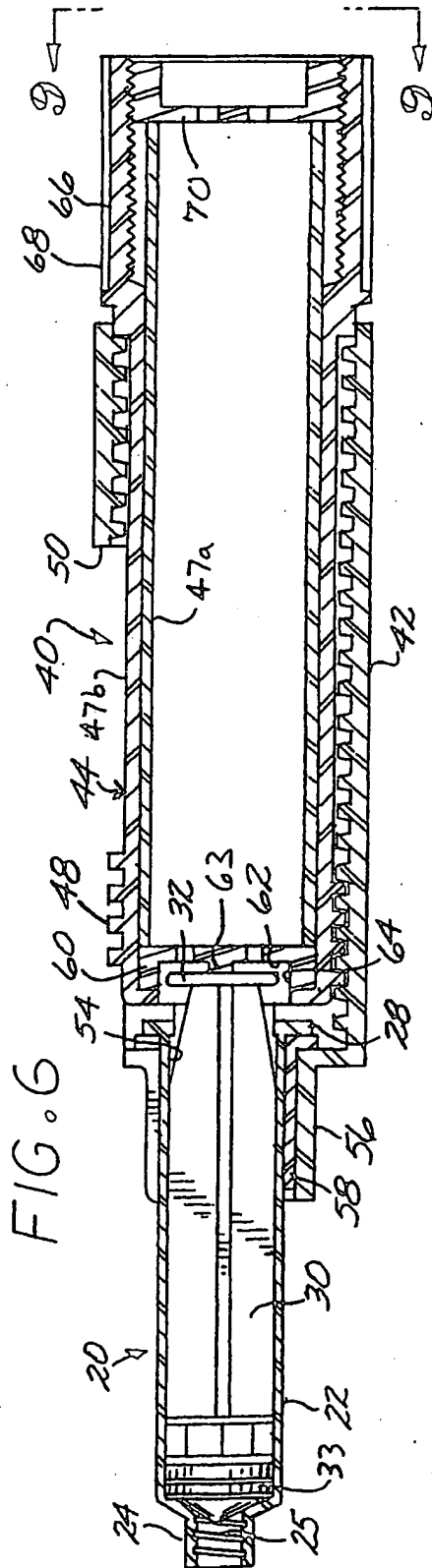


FIG. 9

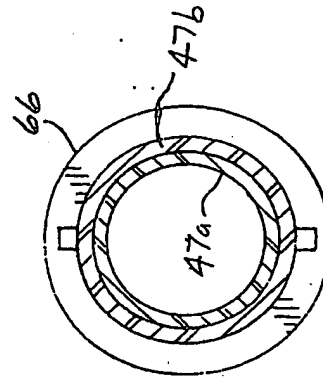


FIG. 8

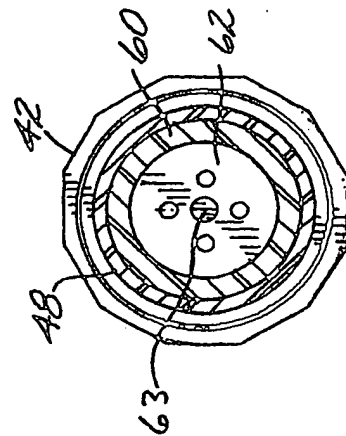


FIG. 7

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/US 02/26325

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 A61B17/58 A61B17/70

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A61B A61F A61M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5 599 315 A (C.J.MCPHEE) 4 February 1997 (1997-02-04) figures 1,2,4	1-19
X	US 5 454 793 A (G.LEVANDER AND O.LJUNGQUIST) 3 October 1995 (1995-10-03)  column 4, line 10 - line 19; figures 1,2	1,5,8, 12,15, 16,18,19
X	WO 99 65597 A (ORTHOFIX) 23 December 1999 (1999-12-23) page 3, line 4 - line 18; figure 3	1,5-8, 12-15
X	US 5 456 388 A (J.P.HONSTEIN AND R.J.BARNES) 10 October 1995 (1995-10-10) column 8, line 59 -column 10, line 4; figures 13-15	1-3,5, 8-10,12
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

## \* Special categories of cited documents:

- \*A\* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- \*E\* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- \*O\* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
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- \*T\* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- \*X\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- \*Y\* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- \*&\* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

4 December 2002

Date of mailing of the international search report

10/12/2002

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 02/26325

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	GB 2 266 463 A (B.N.HENDY) 3 November 1993 (1993-11-03) page 4, line 9 - line 10; figure -----	1,5-8, 12-14
X	US 4 312 343 A (H.H.LEVEEN) 26 January 1982 (1982-01-26) abstract; figures 1,2 -----	1,5,8,12

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US 02/26325

## Box I Observation where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.: 20  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:  
Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by surgery
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 02/26325

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